Introduced by Senator Sher

February 22, 2001

An act to repeal Sections 39004 and 39005 of the Health and Safety An act to amend Sections 42400.4 and 43021 of, and to add Sections 42410 and 43023 to, the Health and Safety Code, relating to air pollution.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 527, as amended, Sher. Ambient air quality Air pollution: penalties.

(1) Existing law prescribes various civil penalties that may be imposed by the State Air Resources Board for a violation of specified state board regulations relating to vehicular and nonvehicular air pollution control. Existing law also authorizes any city attorney, with the consent of the district attorney, upon the complaint of the state board, to bring an action for unfair trade practices.

This bill would authorize the state board to impose administrative penalties as an alternative to seeking civil penalties for certain violations. The bill would authorize the state board to impose an administrative penalty up to the maximum amount the state board is authorized to impose as a civil penalty for that violation. The bill would also limit the state board's authority to impose an administrative penalty to a maximum of \$10,000 per day in which there is a violation not to exceed \$100,000 per penalty assessment proceeding for any violation arising from the same conduct. The bill would also provide for administrative review under existing state board administrative hearing procedure regulations, except that this bill would require that the

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hearings be conducted by an administrative law judge appointed by the Office of Administrative Hearings. The bill would also provide for judicial review of an administrative hearing in conformance with existing law. The bill would also prohibit the state board from causing an action to be brought by any city attorney against any person upon whom the state board has imposed an administrative penalty.

(2) Existing law also prescribes criminal penalties for a violation of a federally enforceable operating permit issued pursuant to specified provisions of the federal Clean Air Act or for a violation of specified laws under that act relating to stationary sources. Under existing law, the recovery of civil penalties for a violation of specified state laws relating to nonvehicular emission limitations precludes criminal prosecution for the violations under the act. Other existing law, as of January 1, 2003, makes a person who transports, or who provides a vehicle to transport, motor vehicle fuel for a motor vehicle fuel distributor who is not in compliance with specified laws, liable for a civil penalty.

This bill would correct erroneous cross-references and delete an obsolete cross-reference in those provisions.

Existing law provides that the reenactment of the law regulating ambient air quality in the state by the Legislature during the 1975–76 Regular Session has no effect on the existence of any air pollution control or air quality management district board, or the terms of any members thereof, or on any order, rule, or regulation of any district or of the State Air Resources Board, unless the order, rule, or regulation is not consistent with the law regulating ambient air quality.

This bill would delete the above-described provisions concerning the 1975–76 reenactment.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 39004 of the Health and Safety Code is
- 2 SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature in the enactment
- 3 *of this act to do all of the following:*
- 4 (a) Provide the State Air Resources Board with an alternative
- 5 to pursuing civil penalties through the court system by allowing the
- 6 state board to pursue penalties for less significant violations
- 7 through an administrative hearing process.

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(b) Provide administrative penalty authority only for those categories of violations for which the state board maintains the authority to impose civil penalties.

- (c) It is not the intent of the Legislature to modify the level of penalty impositions beyond historic levels.
- SEC. 2. Section 42400.4 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 42400.4. (a) In any district where a Title V permit program has been fully approved by the *federal* Environmental Protection Agency, any person who knowingly violates any federally enforceable permit condition or any fee or filing requirement applicable to a Title V source is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (b) In any district in which a Title V permit program has been fully approved by the *federal* Environmental Protection Agency, any person who knowingly makes any false material statement, representation, or certification in any form or in any notice or report required of a Title V source of a federally enforceable permit requirement, or who knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required of a Title V source, is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (c) The recovery of civil penalties pursuant to Section 42402, 40402.1, 42402.1, 42402.2, or 40402.3 42402.3 precludes prosecution pursuant to this section for the same offense. When a district refers a violation to a prosecuting agency, the filing of a criminal complaint is grounds requiring the dismissal of any civil action brought pursuant to this article for the same offense.
- (d) Each day during any portion of which a violation of subdivision (a) or (b) occurs is a separate offense.
- (e) This section shall not become operative in a district until the *federal* Environmental Protection Agency fully approves that district's Title V permit program.
- 34 (f) This section applies only to violations described in 35 subdivisions (a) and (b) that are not otherwise subject to a fine of 36 ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more pursuant to Section 37 42400.1, 42400.2, or 42400.3.
- 38 SEC. 3. Section 42410 is added to the Health and Safety Code, 39 to read:

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42410. (a) As an alternative to seeking civil penalties under Sections 39674, 42401, 42402, 42402.1, 42402.2, and 42402.3 for a violation of regulations of the state board, the state board may impose an administrative penalty, as specified in this section. Any administrative penalty imposed under this section shall be imposed as an alternative to, and not in addition to, a civil penalty imposed pursuant to this article. No administrative penalty imposed by the state board pursuant to this section shall exceed the amount that the state board is authorized to seek as a civil penalty for the applicable violation, and no administrative penalty 10 imposed pursuant to this section shall exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day in which there is a violation up to a 13 maximum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per penalty 14 assessment proceeding.

- (b) Nothing in this section restricts the authority of the state board to negotiate mutual settlements under any other penalty provision of law that exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day in which there is a violation of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per penalty assessment proceeding.
- (c) The administrative penalties authorized by this section shall be imposed and recovered by the state board in administrative hearings established pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 60065.1) and Article 4 (commencing with Section 60075.1) of Subchapter 1.25 of Chapter 1 of Division 3 of Title 17 of the California Code of Regulations, except that the hearings shall be conducted by an administrative law judge appointed by the Office of Administrative Hearings.
- (d) Nothing in this section authorizes the state board to seek penalties for categories of violations for which the state board may not recover penalties in a civil action.
- (e) If the state board imposes any administrative penalties pursuant to this section, the state board may not bring any action pursuant to, or rely upon, Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 17000) of Part 2 of Division 7 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (f) In determining the amount of any administrative penalty imposed pursuant to this section, the state board shall take into consideration all relevant circumstances, including, but not limited to, those factors specified in subdivision (b) of Section 42403.

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(g) After an order imposing an administrative penalty becomes final pursuant to the hearing procedures identified in subdivision (c), and no petition for a writ of mandate has been filed within the time allotted for seeking judicial review of the order, the state board may apply to the Superior Court for the County of Sacramento for a judgment in the amount of the administrative penalty. The application, which shall include a certified copy of the final order of the administrative hearing officer, shall constitute a sufficient showing to warrant the issuance of the judgment.

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- (h) For any violation that is within the enforcement jurisdiction of both the state board and the districts, the state board may impose an administrative penalty pursuant to this section only if the district in which the violation has occurred has not commenced an enforcement action for that violation.
- (i) This section is not intended, and shall not be construed, to grant the state board authority to assess an administrative penalty for any category of violation that was not subject to enforcement by the state board as of January 1, 2002.
- (j) Any administrative penalty assessed pursuant to this section shall be paid to the State Treasurer for deposit in the General Fund.
- (k) A party adversely affected by the final decision in the administrative hearing may seek independent judicial review by filing a petition for a writ of mandate in accordance with Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (l) This section shall only apply to violations that occur on or after January 1, 2002.
- (m) On or before January 30, 2005, the state board shall prepare and submit to the Legislature and the Governor a report summarizing the administrative penalties imposed by the state board pursuant to this section for calendar years 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005.
- SEC. 4. Section 43021 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 43021. (a) For purposes of this section, "motor vehicle fuel distributor" means any person who (1) refines, blends, or 36 otherwise produces motor vehicle fuel, or (2) with an ownership interest in the fuel, transports or causes the transport of motor vehicle fuel at any point between a production or import facility

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and a retail outlet, or sells, offers for sale, or supplies motor vehicle fuel to motor vehicle fuel retailers.

- (b) Any motor vehicle fuel distributor who conducts business within the state, annually on January 1, shall inform the state board in writing of the distributor's principal place of business, which shall be a physical address and not a post office box, and any other place of business at which company records are maintained or refining activities are conducted.
- (c) The state board shall supply each complying motor vehicle fuel distributor with a certificate of compliance with this section not later than June 30. The certificate shall be effective from July 1 of the year of issuance through June 30 of the following year.
- (d) All motor vehicle fuel distributors shall maintain complete records of each purchase, delivery, or supply of motor vehicle fuel for a period of not less than two years in the physical locations reported pursuant to subdivision (b) and shall not move the records to another physical location without notifying the state board of the new location. A complete record for each delivery shall consist of not less than a copy, or the information contained therein, of the bills of lading from the refinery or bulk terminal from which the fuel is received, the delivery ticket or receipt showing the location of the fuel at the time of sale, and the invoice showing the purchaser of the fuel. All those records may be kept in physical or electronic format and are subject to inspection and duplication by the state board.
- (e) Any motor vehicle fuel distributor who intentionally fails to comply with subdivision (b) or (d) is liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day of noncompliance.
- (f) No person shall knowingly transport motor vehicle fuel for any motor vehicle fuel distributor who is not in possession of a current certificate of compliance as described in subdivision (c). Any person who transports or provides vehicles to transport motor vehicle fuel for a noncomplying distributor is liable for a civil penalty not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day as well as any penalties prescribed by Section 41963. However, any person who transports, or provides vehicles to transport, motor vehicle fuel for a distributor who is in possession of a current certificate of compliance shall not be liable for any penalties under

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this subdivision or Section 41963 unless that person has specific knowledge of noncompliance.

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- (g) Any retailer who knowingly sells or supplies motor vehicle fuel that was delivered to the retailer by, or on behalf of, a noncomplying motor vehicle fuel distributor is liable for a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each transaction.
- (h) Any retailer who sells motor vehicle fuel that does not comply with regulations of the state board, after both oral and written notice to cease have been delivered to the owner, manager, or attendant on duty at the facility, and upon failure to comply with that notice, is subject to the issuance of a cease and desist order by the state board and a penalty of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day of noncompliance with the cease and desist order.
- (i) The state board shall annually compile and publish a complete listing of all certified wholesale petroleum distributors, and shall mail a copy to every licensed transporter of petroleum products.
 - (j) This section shall become operative January 1, 2003.
- 20 SEC. 5. Section 43023 is added to the Health and Safety Code, 21 to read:
 - *43023*. (a) As an alternative to seeking civil penalties under Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 43000) to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 43800), inclusive, and Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 44200), for violation of state board regulations, the state board may impose an administrative penalty, as specified in this section, for a violation of this part, or any rule, regulation, permit, variance, or order of the state board pertaining to vehicular air pollution control except as otherwise provided in this division. No administrative penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall exceed the amount that the state board is authorized to seek as a civil penalty for the applicable violation, and no administrative penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day in which there is a violation up to a maximum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per penalty assessment proceeding for any violation arising from the same conduct. This one hundred thousand dollar (\$100,000) maximum penalty limitation does not apply in any judicial proceeding involving violations committed under this part.

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(b) Nothing in this section restricts the authority of the state board to negotiate mutual settlements under any other penalty provision of law that exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day in which there is a violation up to a maximum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per penalty assessment proceeding.

- (c) The administrative penalties authorized by this section shall be imposed and recovered by the state board in administrative hearings established pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 60065.1) and Article 4 (commencing with Section 60075.1) of Subchapter 1.25 of Chapter 1 of Division 3 of Title 17 of the California Code of Regulations, except that the hearings shall be conducted by an administrative law judge appointed by the Office of Administrative Hearings.
- (d) Nothing in this section authorizes the state board to impose penalties for categories of violations for which the state board may not seek penalties in a civil action.
- (e) If the state board imposes any administrative penalties pursuant to this section, the state board may not bring any action pursuant to, or rely upon, Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 17000) of Part 2 of Division 7 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (f) In determining the amount of any administrative penalty imposed pursuant to this section, the state board shall take into consideration all relevant circumstances, including, but not limited to, those factors specified in subdivision (b) of Section 43031.
- (g) After an order imposing an administrative penalty becomes final pursuant to the hearing procedures identified in subdivision (c), and no petition for a writ of mandate has been filed within the time allotted for seeking judicial review of the order, the state board may apply to the Superior Court for the County of Sacramento for a judgment in the amount of the administrative penalty. The application, which shall include a certified copy of the final order of the administrative hearing officer, shall constitute a sufficient showing to warrant the issuance of the judgment.
- (h) This section does not apply to any violation for which a penalty may be assessed pursuant to Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 43025).

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(i) This section is not intended, and shall not be construed, to grant the state board authority to assess an administrative penalty for any category of violation that was not subject to enforcement by the state board as of January 1, 2002.

- (j) Any administrative penalty assessed pursuant to this section shall be paid to the State Treasurer for deposit in the General Fund.
- (k) A party adversely affected by the final decision in the administrative hearing may seek independent judicial review by filing a petition for a writ of mandate in accordance with Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (1) This section shall only apply to violations that occur on or after January 1, 2002.
- (m) On or before January 30, 2005, the state board shall prepare and submit to the Legislature and the Governor a report summarizing the administrative penalties imposed by the state board pursuant to this section for calendar years 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005.
- 19 repealed.

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20 SEC. 2. Section 39005 of the Health and Safety Code is 21 repealed.